RADT-191A: Clinical Radiography I-A

## RADT-191A: CLINICAL RADIOGRAPHY I-A

# **Cuyahoga Community College**

Viewing: RADT-191A: Clinical Radiography I-A

**Board of Trustees:** 

1/30/2025

**Academic Term:** 

Fall 2025

**Subject Code** 

RADT - Radiography

**Course Number:** 

191A

Title:

Clinical Radiography I-A

#### **Catalog Description:**

Directed practice experience in the hospital environment. Competency-based training and evaluation on radiographic equipment and procedures. Emphasis on positioning and patient care skills including pediatric and geriatric populations. Includes a variety of imaging: appendicular skeleton, gastrointestinal procedures, mobile radiography, trauma and non-trauma exams.

#### Credit Hour(s):

6

#### Other Hour(s):

496

### Other Hour Details:

Directed practice: 496 hours; This includes 16 hours of embedded lecture delivered at the clinical site

## Requisites

#### **Prerequisite and Corequisite**

Departmental approval: admission to program.

#### Outcomes

#### Course Outcome(s):

A. Demonstrate professionalism in carrying out the functions and responsibilities of a student radiographer under direct supervision.

#### **Essential Learning Outcome Mapping:**

Not Applicable: No Essential Learning Outcomes mapped. This course does not require application-level assignments that demonstrate mastery in any of the Essential Learning Outcomes.

## Objective(s):

- 1. Exercise the priorities required in daily clinical practice.
- 2. Adhere to team practice concepts that focus on organizational theories, roles of team members and conflict resolution.
- 3. Describe the role of the healthcare team members in responding/reacting to a local or national emergency.
- 4. Integrate appropriate personal and professional values into clinical practice.
- 5. Recognize the influence of professional values on patient care.
- 6. Apply the principles of total quality management.
- 7. Maintain patient confidentiality standards and meet Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) requirements.

#### Course Outcome(s):

B. Perform basic patient care through appropriate action and communication with diverse populations under direct supervision.

#### **Essential Learning Outcome Mapping:**

Not Applicable: No Essential Learning Outcomes mapped. This course does not require application-level assignments that demonstrate mastery in any of the Essential Learning Outcomes.

#### Objective(s):

- 1. Execute basic medical imaging procedures under the appropriate level of supervision.
- 2. Provide patient-centered clinically effective care for all patients regardless of their age, gender, disability, special needs, ethnicity or culture.
- 3. Integrate the use of appropriate and effective written, oral and nonverbal communication with patients, the public and members of the health care team in the clinical setting.
- 4. Use patient and family education strategies appropriate to the comprehension level of the patient/family.
- 5. Provide desired psychosocial support to the patient and family.
- 6. Demonstrate competent assessment skills through effective management of the patient's physical and mental status.
- 7. Respond appropriately to medical emergencies.
- 8. Assess the patient and record clinical history.
- 9. Demonstrate basic life support procedures evidenced by current valid CPR card.
- 10. Use appropriate charting methods.
- 11. Apply standard and transmission-based precautions.
- 12. Apply the appropriate medical asepsis and sterile technique.
- 13. Demonstrate the principles of transferring, positioning and immobilizing patients.

#### Course Outcome(s):

C. Adapt procedures to meet age specific, disease specific, and cultural needs of patients.

#### **Essential Learning Outcome Mapping:**

Not Applicable: No Essential Learning Outcomes mapped. This course does not require application-level assignments that demonstrate mastery in any of the Essential Learning Outcomes.

## Objective(s):

- 1. Explain how a person's cultural beliefs toward illness and health affect his or her health status.
- 2. Examine demographic factors that influence patient compliance with medical care.
- 3. Discuss the concept of diversity and its impact on the delivery of patient care.

#### Course Outcome(s):

D. Perform basic radiographic procedures using radiation safety, safe equipment operation and patient safety under direct supervision.

#### **Essential Learning Outcome Mapping:**

Not Applicable: No Essential Learning Outcomes mapped. This course does not require application-level assignments that demonstrate mastery in any of the Essential Learning Outcomes.

#### Objective(s):

- 1. Demonstrate competency in the principles of radiation protection standards.
- 2. Select technical factors to produce quality diagnostic images with the lowest radiation exposure possible.
- 3. Adhere to national, institutional and department standards, policies and procedures regarding care of patients, providing radiologic procedures, and reducing medical errors.
- 4. Report equipment malfunctions.
- 5. Demonstrate safe, ethical, and legal practices.
- 6. Comply with departmental and institutional response to emergencies, disasters, and accidents.

#### Course Outcome(s):

E. Employ critical thinking and problem solving to routine and non-routine procedures under direct supervision.

#### **Essential Learning Outcome Mapping:**

Not Applicable: No Essential Learning Outcomes mapped. This course does not require application-level assignments that demonstrate mastery in any of the Essential Learning Outcomes.

#### Objective(s):

- 1. Critique images for appropriate anatomy, image quality, and patient identification.
- 2. Determine corrective measures to improve inadequate images.
- 3. Differentiate between emergency and non-emergency procedures.
- 4. Examine procedure orders for accuracy and make corrective actions when applicable.
- 5. Integrate the radiographer's practice standards into clinical practice setting.
- 6. Adapt to changes and varying clinical situations.

#### Methods of Evaluation:

- 1. Exam competency
- 2. Written guizzes
- 3. Evaluation of technical skills and professional behavior
- 4. Student conferences
- 5. Portfolio assignments

#### **Course Content Outline:**

Professionalism

- 1. Standards of Ethics and Professional Behavior
  - a. American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) Standards of Ethics incident reporting mechanisms
  - b. Student supervision
    - i. Direct
    - ii. Indirect
  - c. The patient's expectations, rights and responsibilities
  - d. The radiographer's professional responsibilities
- 2. Professional communication
  - a. Patients
  - b. Patient's family or authorized representatives
  - c. Healthcare team
  - d. Confidentiality of patient records (HIPAA compliance)
- 3. Radiography Practice Standards
  - a. Scope of practice
  - b. Clinical performance standards
  - c. Quality performance standards
  - d. Professional performance standards
  - e. American Society of Radiologic Technologists (ASRT) Advisory Opinion Statements
  - f. ASRT's Best Practices in Digital Radiography
- 4. Values
  - a. Personal
    - i. Values development
    - ii. Effect on patient care
  - b. Societal
    - i. Rights and privileges
    - ii. Community values
    - iii. Effect on patient care
  - c. Professional
    - i. Values development
    - ii. Values conflict
    - iii. Effect on patient care
    - iv. Effect of social media
- 5. Diversity, equity and inclusion
  - a. Diversity concepts
    - i. Individual
    - ii. Population
    - iii. Social
  - b. Socioeconomic factors
  - c. Gender identity/expression

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  - d. Ethnicity (e.g. language)
  - e. Race
  - f. Age
    - i. Infant
    - ii. Child
    - iii. Adolescent
    - iv. Young adult
    - v. Middle-aged
    - vi. Geriatric
  - g. Family structure and dynamics
  - h. Geographical factors
  - i. Religion, spirituality and belief system
  - j. Lifestyle choices and behaviors
  - k. Sexual orientation
  - I. Disability
  - m. Equity
    - i. Structural racism
    - ii. Social justice
  - n. Culture of inclusion
    - i. Environmental
    - ii. Organizational

#### **Procedural Performance**

- 1. Scheduling and sequencing of exams
- 2. Order/requisition evaluation and corrective measures
- 3. Facilities setup
- 4. Patient assessment, clinical history, education and care
  - a. Patient monitoring- emergency and non-emergency
    - i. Vital signs
    - ii. Assessment and clinical history
    - iii. Equipment
    - iv. Patient emergencies
  - b. Patient privacy and confidentiality (HIPAA)
  - c. Documentation
  - d. Infection control
    - i. Personal protective equipment (PPE)
      - 1. Types
      - 2. Proper use
  - e. Patient education
    - i. Appropriate communication style
    - ii. Age specific
    - iii. Cultural sensitivity
    - iv. Socioeconomic sensitivity
    - v. Patient centered care
  - f. Medical error reduction
  - g. Patient safety considerations
- 5. Imaging
  - a. Positioning considerations
  - b. Technical considerations
  - c. Image acquisition
  - d. Image analysis
- 6. Radiation protection
  - a. As Low as Reasonably Achievable (ALARA) Principles
  - b. Radiation safety practices
    - i. Protection of the patient (American Association of Physicists in Medicine [AAPM] recommendations)
    - ii. Protection of personnel
    - iii. Protection of others
  - c. Education

- i. Patient, family members or authorized representatives
- ii. Other members of the healthcare team
- d. Equipment and accessories
- 7. Exam specific protocols according to ARRT Clinical Competency Requirements
  - a. Extremities
    - i. Upper extremities
    - ii. Lower extremities
  - b. Thorax, abdomen and pelvis
    - i. Chest
    - ii. Abdomen
    - iii. Intravenous urography
    - iv. Pelvis and hip
  - c. Gastrointestinal (GI) procedures
    - i. Contrast enemas (single or double contrast)
    - ii. Esophageal studies
    - iii. Small bowel series
    - iv. Swallowing dysfunction studies
    - v. Upper GI series (single or double contrast)
  - d. Mobile radiography
    - i. Chest
    - ii. Abdomen
    - iii. Extremities
  - e. ER/trauma and general procedures
    - i. Chest
    - ii. Abdomen
    - iii. Extremities

#### Resources

Cuyahoga Community College Radiography Program. (Current) Documents Folder. Radiography Electronic Clinical Manual, Trajecsys Centralized Clinical Recordkeeping.

Salimbene, S. (2015) What language does your patient hurt in?: A practical guide to culturally competent patient care (3rd ed.), EMC Paradigm.

#### **Resources Other**

- 1. American Society of Radiologic Technologists. Radiography Curriculum. www.asrt.org
- 2. American Registry of Radiologic Technologists. Examination content specifications. www.arrt.org
- 3. Armstrong, T. (2001). Patient diversity: Beyond the vital signs. [Video]. CRM Learning.

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